

All children – regardless of gender, starting point or background – will have the opportunity to engage with a high-quality history education. They will be equipped with the knowledge, skills and vocabulary to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments and develop perspective and judgement, to provide an understanding of chronology, knowledge of significant individuals and events. We intend to inspire a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about history.

Social Change

Summer 2

New Knowledge:

Sport:

- At the beginning of the 20th century, cricket was the most popular sport. However, during WWI, many soldiers played football while away from home and so this became more and more popular.

Cinema:

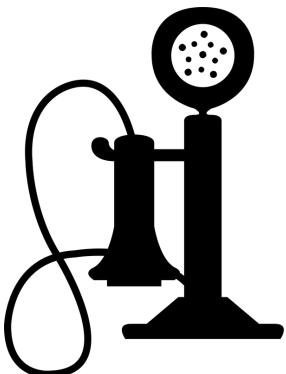
- Going to the cinema became one of the most popular forms of entertainment in the 20th century.
- At the beginning of the 20th century, films were silent - a pianist would sit in the theatre and play live music that they thought might fit the story.
- The first 'talkie' (a film that included sound and actors talking) was made in 1927 - The Jazz Singer.
- By the 1930s, colour films began to be made.
- People often went to the cinema once or twice a week, until televisions became popular.
- 1936 - Billy Butlin set up the first family holiday camp in Britain including accommodation, food and entertainment.

Holidays

- Camping and caravanning became popular.
- 1960s - more people started travelling abroad with Spain being the most popular destination.

Technology:

- In the 1920s, radio became an important way of communicating. Live news and entertainment programmes were broadcast.
- The first ever TV set was invented by Scottish inventor John Logie Baird, and debuted in the mid-1920s.
- In 1936, only approximately 200 television sets were in use worldwide.



Where does it fit in?

